L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:276008 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:310071
TITLE: Preparation of bile-acid derived compounds for sustained release of orally delivered drugs
INVENTOR(S): Gallop, Mark A., Cundy, Kenneth C., Zhou, Cindy X.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Xenoport, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 214 pp.
COUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Falling Acc. NUM., COUNT: Patent
FAMILY ACC. NUM., COUNT: 9 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: ### WO 2002028891 A1 20020411

WO 2002028891 A1 20020411

VO 2001-US42513 20011005

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CM, CM, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, CM, HR, HU, ID, II, IN, IS, DP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MM, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, MT, TT, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DB, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2002011863 AS 20020415

AU 200211863 AS 20020415

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:

US 2000-249804P P 20001107

OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 136:310071

AB Bile-acid conjugates such as I [R], R2 - H, GH, X - OH, DQT, T - O, NH, Q - bond, cleavable linker; D - GABA analog; Z - alkyl substituted with COZH, SO3H, SOZH, P(O) (ORG) (OH), OSOHH, R6 - (un)substituted alkyl, aryling the property of the color of PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. Absolute stereochemistry ANSWER 1 OF 1 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

HO

RN 410076-41-4 CAPLUS
CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3, 7, 12-trihydroxy-, (1R)-2-[[1-(carboxymethyl) cyclohexyl) methyl amino]-1-methyl-2-oxoethyl ester, (3.alpha., 5.beta., 7.alpha., 12.alpha.)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

RN 410076-43-6 CAPLUS
CN Cholan-24-oic acid, 3, 7, 12-trihydroxy-, (1S)-2-[[1-(carboxymethyl) cyclohexyl) methyl me

1012

09/972,425

=> d ibib ab fqhit

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L8 ANSWER 1 OF 1 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS
ACCESSION NUMBER: 137:20509 MARPAT
TITLE: Preparation and formulation of bile-acid derived compounds for enhancing oral absorption and systemic bioavailability of drugs
INVENTOR(S): Gallop, Mark A., Cundy, Kenneth C.
Xenoport, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 185 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9
              DOCUMENT TYPE:
LANGUAGE:
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002044324 A2 20020606 WO 2001-US42612 20011005

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, SE, FI, GB, GD, GB, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, VU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2002043204 A5 20020611 AU 2002-43204 20011005

VS 2002099041 A1 20020725 US 2001-972411 20011005

PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO:

AB Bile acid derived prodrugs of the form D-Y-T [D = a drug which is incompletely translocated across the intestinal wally Y = cleavable linking group; T = a bile acid moiety to permit the prodrug to be translocated across the intestinal wall via the bile acid conjugate I was prepod. starting from cholic acid, glycine text-Bu ester, succinic anhydride, BrCH2Cl, and cefmetazole acidum salt. The prepod bile acid derived prodrugs were assayed in vitro for compd. transport with IBAT and NTCP expressing cell lines. Disclosed are methods for providing enhanced systemic blood concns. of orally delivered drugs that are incompletely translocated across the intestinal wall of an animal. Also disclosed are methods for providing enhanced systemic blood concns. of orally delivered drugs that are incompletely translocated across the intestinal wall of an animal. Also disclosed are methods for providing enhanced systemic blood concns. of orally delivered drugs that are incompletely translocated across the intestinal wall of an animal. Also disclosed are methods for providing enhanced systemic blood concns. of orally delivered drugs, whether poorly or readily bioavailable via oral delivery to animals. Still further, disclosed are compds. and pharmaceutical compns. that are used in such methods.
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ANSWER 1 OF 1 MARPAT COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS CH2 195 G3 194 - CH2 - 125-115 129-117 1250)-G15-G11-G12-G17 - CO2H - MH (SO) / O - AkcEC (1-) C, BD (0-) D (0-) T> (SO G5) - C(0) - (0-2) 130-127 131-129 1913-1910)

Ak<EC (1-) C, BD (0-) D (0-) T> (50) claim 20 and pharmaceutically acceptable salts additional ring formation also claimed

G14 MPL: NTE: NTE:

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:06:35 ON 29 APR 2003) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:06:41 ON 29 APR 2003 L1STRUCTURE UPLOADED 0 S L1 L23 S L1 FULL L3 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:07:46 ON 29 APR 2003 L41 S L3 FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:08:37 ON 29 APR 2003 L5 FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 14:08:45 ON 29 APR 2003 0 S L1 FULL L6 FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 14:09:17 ON 29 APR 2003 3 S L3 FULL L8 1 S L7/COM => d his (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:06:35 ON 29 APR 2003) FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:06:41 ON 29 APR 2003 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L1L2. 0 S L1 L3 3 S L1 FULL FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:07:46 ON 29 APR 2003 1 S L3 L4FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 14:08:37 ON 29 APR 2003 L5 0 S L3 FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 14:08:45 ON 29 APR 2003 L6 0 S L1 FULL FILE 'MARPAT' ENTERED AT 14:09:17 ON 29 APR 2003 L7 3 S L3 FULL L81 S L7/COM FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:16:13 ON 29 APR 2003 L9 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L103 S L9 FULL STRUCTURE UPLOADED L110 S L11 FULL L12 L13 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L140 S L13 FULL L15 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L16 3 S L15 FULL L17 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L18 0 S L17 FULL L19STRUCTURE UPLOADED

0 S L19 FULL

L20

L21		STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L22	0	S L21 FULL
L23		STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L24	0	S L23 FULL
L25		STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L26	105	S L25 FULL
L27		STRUCTURE UPLOADED
L28	105	S L27 FULL SUB=L26

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:31:57 ON 29 APR 2003

=> d ibib ab hitstr 1-40

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:869795 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:181158

TITLE:

138:181158
Absorption of biologically active peptide hormones
from the small intestine of rat
Wheeler, S., McGinn, B. J., Lucas, M. L., Morrison, J. AUTHOR (S):

Wheeler, S., McGinn, B. J., Lucas, M. L., Morrison, J. D.
University of Glasgow, Glasgow, Gl2 8QQ, UK
Acta Physiologica Scandinavica (2002), 176(3), 203-213
CODEN: APSCAX; ISSN: 0001-6772
Blackwell Science Ltd.
Journal CORPORATE SOURCE: SOURCE:

Acta Physiologica Scandinavica (2002), 176(3), 203-213 CODEN: APSCAN; ISSN: 0001-6772

PUBLISHER: Blackwell Science Ltd.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Absorption of the 4, 10 and 34 amino acid forms of gastrin from the small intestine has been investigated in anesthetized rats. The method of assessment of successful absorption of the hormone into the systemic circulation was when the amt. of acid secreted by the stomach over consecutive 15-min periods was increased. When the natural hormones were infused into the ileum in a relatively high dose, there was no increase in gastric acid secretion, indicating that they had not been absorbed. Each of the forms of gastrin was conjugated at the free N-terminus to the carboxyl group of cholic acid. Subsequent infusion of the conjugated form of gastrin into the ileum, this time in relatively low doses, resulted in substantial and prolonged increases in gastric acid secretion, indicating that these hormones had been successfully absorbed. In addn., conjugation of the 10 and 34 amino acid forms of gastrin with cholic acid was shown to increase markedly the potency in evoking an increase in gastric acid secretion in response to i.v. injection of the hormone. Absorption of the gastrin conjugates was specific to the ileum thus indicating that they had been absorbed through the bile salt transporters.

IT 324753-46-0

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified), BIOL (Biological study)

324753-46-0

RL: BSU (Biological study, unclassified), BIOL (Biological study)
(absorption of biol. active peptide homones from the small intestine
of rat)
324753-46-0

L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.
alpha.-glutamyl-L-lalanyl-L-tycosylglycyl-L-tryptophyl-L-methionyl-L-.
alpha.-aspartyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 1 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L6 ANSWER 2 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:849663 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 137:353216 TITLE:

137:353216
Preparation of bile acid derivatives and their therapeutic use
Faarup, Peter
Novo Nordisk A/s, Den.
PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp.
CODEN: PIXXO2
Patent
Foodbase PrixXO2
Patent INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: English FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 200208166 A 1 20021107 VO 2002-DK250 20020418

V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, II, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KF, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MM, MW, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ZW, MA, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GM, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
US 2002183531 A1 20021205 US 2002-141469 20020501

PRIORITY APPLIN. INFO: DK 2001-688 A 2010502

US 2001-297388P P 20010611

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 137:353216

AB Certain bile acids find use in the pharmaceutical industry. In view of the wide distribution of serious diseases, such as HIV, AIDS and Bovine Spongiform Encephalopathy (BSE), it is desirable to avoid - as far as practicable - to have any components of animal origin in medicaments in order to eliminate any danger of infection. The present invention relates to "a"method-of-providing-bile acids-from-non-animal-starting-materials. Thus, lithocholic acid was prepd. Via a multistep reaction sequence starting from stigmasterol obtained from soy beans)
NI 240133-29-3 474327-44-1

RL: RCT (Reactant): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of lithocholic acid from stigmasterol obtained from soy beans)
NI 240133-29-3 474327-44-1

RL: RCT (Reactant): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of lithocholic acid from stigmasterol obtained from soy beans)
NI 240133-29-3 474327-44-1

RL: RCT (Reactant): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of lithocholic acid from stigmasterol obtained from soy beans)
NI 240133-29-3 (ACPIUS

(Continued) ANSWER 2 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

474327-44-1 CAPLUS L-Norvaline, 5-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-5-oxo- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

ACCESSION NUMBER:

ANSWER 3 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ON STN
SSION NUMBER: 2002:796661 CAPLUS
MENT NUMBER: 138:21182
E: Ion Conductors Derived from Biogenic Amines, Bile DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE: AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

SOURCE:

PUBLISHER: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

UNENT NUMBER: 138:2182
LE: Ion Conductors Derived from Biogenic Amines, Bile Acids, and Amino Acids
HOR(S): Bandyopadhyay, Punam: Bandyopadhyay, Prasun: Regen, Stephen Conductors Derived from Biogenic Amines, Bile Acids, and Amino Acids
HOR(S): Bandyopadhyay, Punam: Bandyopadhyay, Prasun: Regen, Stephen Conductor: Development of Chemistry, Lehigh University, Bethlehem, PA, 18015, USA
RCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (2002), 13(6), 1314-1318
CODEN: BCCHES: ISSN: 1043-1802
LISHER: American Chemical Society
Journal
GUAGE: Boglish
A family of conjugates has been synthesized from spermine, putrescine, lysine, gamma-aminobutyric acid, sarcosine, cholic acid, glycocholic acid, 3.alpha., 12.alpha.—dihydroxycholic acid, and 3.alpha., 12.alpha.—dihydroxycholic acid, based on a design principle previously reported (Bandyopadhyay, P., Janout, V., Zhang, L., Regen, S. L. (2001) J. Am.
Chem. Soc. 123, 7691). Each of these conjugates was found to exhibit significant activity in promoting the transport of Na: across liposomal membranes derived from 1,2-diamyristolecyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, and also from 1,2-diamitolecyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, and also from 1,2-diamitolecyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, and also from 1,2-diamitolecyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, and also from 1,2-diamitolecyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine, and in all cases, plots of pseudo first-order rate consts., kobad vs (mol % of ion conductor) 2 were found to be linear, indicating that transport-active dimers are involved and that only a small fraction of the conjugates are in an aggregated form. An operational comparison that has been made within this series of conjugates indicates that Na+ transport activity and membrane selectivity have a moderate dependency on the compn. and the structure of the lon conductor.

478182-21-77
RI: BSU (Biological study, unclassified): PRF (Properties): SPN (Synthetic preparation): BIOL (Biological study): PREF (Preparation)

(sodium cation transport activity and membrane selectivity have a moderate dependency on the

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 3 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 2-A (CH2) 3-

PAGE 2-B

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:314729 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:330526 Bile-acid conjugates for providing sustained systemic concentrations of drugs Gallop, Mark A.; Cundy, Kenneth C.; Zhou, Cindy X. Menoport, Inc., USA PCT Int. Appl., 149 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Semplish FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002032376 A2 20020425 WO 2001-US42613 20011005

WO 2002032376 A3 20030904

V: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, A2, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, DY, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MM, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, FH, FI, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SJ, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DX, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, FT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

AU 2002030398 A5 20020429 AU 2002-30398 20011005

US 2002111338 A1 20020815 US 2001-972283 20011005

US 20021142998 A1 20021003 US 2001-972283 20011005

US 200212953FSP P 20001107

US 2000-249904P P 20001107

US 2000-249904P P 20001107

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:330526

AB This invention is directed to compds. that provide for sustained systemic concess. of cherapeutic or prophylactic agents following administration to animals. This invention is also directed to pharmaceutical compns. including and methods using such compds. Among example compds. prepd. vas 1. Examples were give for in vitro transport for the compds. of IBAT (Na-dependent transporter)-expressing cells.

IT 406936-83-69 (18397-16-7P)

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SFN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PAEP (Preparation); USES (USes)

(bile-acid conjugates for providing sustained systemic concess. of PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE (Uses)
(bile-acid conjugates for providing sustained systemic concess of

drugs dogs-53-6 CAPLUS ([[(18)-1-oxo-4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]butyl]amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME) Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:276010 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:294977
TITLE: Preparation of bile acid conju 136:294977
Preparation of bile acid conjugates for providing sustained systemic concentrations of drugs Gallop, Mark A., Cundy, Xenneth C.
APCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
CODEN: PIXXB2
Patent
English
9 INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE: DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

WO 2002028833 AI 20020411 V0201-V42622 20011009

W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, II, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MM, MW, MX, MZ, NO, MZ, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, LSZ, TZ, LG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, CS, FI, FR, GB, GR, EE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD. TG
US 200211339 AI 20020815 US 2001-972283 20011005

US 2002142998 AI 20020103 US 2001-972283 20011009
US 2002142998 AI 20021003 US 2001-974768 20011009
US 2002142998 AI 20021003 US 2001-974768 20011009
US 2002142998 AI 20021003 US 2001-974768 20011009
US 2000-249804P P 20001117
US 2001-237472P P 20011017
US 2001-237472P P 20011017

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 136:299977
AB Bile acid conjugates, such as I [RI, R2 - H, OH; R3 - amide linked amino acid-or-peptide-molety), were prepd. for-pharmaceutical-use as drug-delivery moleties which provide for sustained systemic concons. of drugs. Thus, cholyl-Gly-Gabapentin II (R - H) was prepd. by amide formation of cholic acid with glycine using ClO22t and Et3n in THF and subsequent amide formation of the glycine cholic acid amide with gabapentin using the same reagents. The prepd. bile acid conjugates by phancreatin and pharmacokinetics of the prodrug cholyl-Phe-Gabapentin II (R - CH2Ph) were examd.

IT 406336-49-0 406936-53-6P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); PKT (Pharmacokinetics); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (prepn. of bile acid conjugates for providing sustained systemic concons. of drugs)

RN 406936-49-0 CAPLUS

CN Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[[(1S)-4-carboxy-1-oxo-2-[(1S, alpha.)-3,7,12-trthydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1] amino] butyl] amino] m

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 4 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

413597-16-7 CAPLUS
Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[{[15]-4-carboxy-1-oxo-2-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxochola
yl]amino]butyl]amino]methyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

L6 ANSWER 5 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

406936-53-6 CAPLUS Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[[(1S)-1-oxo-4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]butyl]amino]methyl]-(SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:276008 CAPLUS
136:310071
TITLE: 156:310071
Preparation of bile-acid derived compounds for subtained release of orally delivered drugs
Gallop, Mark A.7. Cundy, Kenneth C.7 Zhou, Cindy X.
Xenoport, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 214 pp.
CODEMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): PATENT HOFOMATION:
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

WO 2002028881 A1 20020411 W0 2001-U942513 20011005

W1 AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, EZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, MZ, PH, FL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SS, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, MT, TT, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM RW: GR, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, FT, SE, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG AU 2002011863 A5 20020415 AU 2002-11863 20011005

US 2001-191525 A1 20021017 US 2001-979953 20011005

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, FT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO::

US 2000-249904P P 20001117

US 2001-29794P P 20001107

AB Bile-acid conjugates such as I [R1, R2 = H, OH; X = OH, DQT; T = O, NH; Q = bond, cleavable linker; D = GABA analog; Z = alkyl substituted with COZH, SO3M, SO2H, P(O) (ORG) (OH), OSO3H; R6 = (un) substituted alkyl, aryl, MG'0's M = CH2CC(o), CH2CET2C(o); C' = bond, cleavable linker; D' = D], or their pharmaceutically acceptable salts, were prepd. for their use as substrates for an intestinal bile acid transporter, and thus I could be utilized to provides sustained systemic concens. of orally delivered drugs to an animal. Thus, producy II was parender, and thus I could be Utilized to provides sustained systemic concens. of orally delivered drugs to an animal. Thus, producy unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (USes)

(prepn. of bile-acid derived compds. for providing sustained systemic concens. of drugs after oral administration) PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE KIND DATE

(prepn. of bile-acid derived compds. for providing sustained systemic concess. of drugs after oral administration) 406936-20-7 CAPLUS

406936-20-1 CAPLUS Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.]-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]aminojmethyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA

L6 ANSWER 6 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN Absolute stereochemistry.

Na

406936-19-4P 410076-29-8P 410076-44-7P

quesso-19-4P 410076-29-8P 410076-44-7P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
(Reactant or reagent)
 (prepn. of bile-acid derived compds. for providing sustained systemic concens. of drugs after oral administration)
406936-19-4 CAPUS

406936-19-4 CAPLUS Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

410076-29-8 CAPLUS L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.elpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.beta.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]-, 1-(1,1-dimethylethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 6 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN INDEX NAME) (Continued)

Absolute stereochemistry.

410076-19-6 CAPLUS Hexanoic acid, 5-methyl-3-{[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.beta.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yi]aminojmethyl]-, monosodium salt, (35)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

410076-45-8 CAPLUS

Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]methyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 6 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

410076-44-7 CAPLUS Cyclohexaneactic acid, 1-{[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 7 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:275808 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:29509 CAPLUS
11TLE: Preparation of compounds for sustained release of orally delivered drugs
Galloy, Mark A. Cundy, Kenneth C.
Xenoport, Inc., USA
PCT Int. Appl., 151 pp.
COUENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: PIXKD2
PATENT ACC. NUM. COUNT: 9

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PRIC

PA1	TENT NO. KIND				ND	DATE			A	PPLI	CATI	ON N	٥.	DATE			
WO	2002	0284	11	A.	1	2002	0411		¥	20	01-U	5314	96	2001	1005		
	W:	AE,	AG,	AL,	AM,	AT,	AU,	AZ,	BA,	BB,	BG,	BR,	BY,	BZ,	CA,	CH,	CN,
		co,	CR,	CU,	CZ,	DE,	DK,	DM,	DZ.	EC,	EE,	ES,	FI,	GB,	GD,	GE,	GH,
		GM.	HR.	HU.	ID.	IL.	IN.	IS.	JP.	KE.	KG.	KP.	KR.	KZ.	LC.	LK.	LR.
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US 2000-249804F P 20001117
US 2001-297504F P 20010611
US 2001-29761F P 20010611
US 2001-29761F P 20010611
US 2001-29761F P 20010611
US 2001-297654F P 20010611
US 2001-297654F P 20010611
US 2001-US11466 W 20011005
Disclosed are compds. and pharmaceutical compms. that are used for providing sustained systemic blood concns. of orally delivered drugs.
Comounds D-Y-T [D is a drug having therapeutic or prophylactic activity when delivered to the systemic circulation of said animal, T is a molety selected to permit the compd. D-Y-T or an active metabolite to be translocated across the intestinal wall of an animal and participate in the enterohepatic circulation in said animal, and Y is a cleavable linker covalently connecting D to T, where Y is selected such that a portion of the linker is cleaved to release drug D or an active metabolite during each cycle through the enterohepatic circulation whereupon sustained release of drug D in said animal is achieved] are claimed. Thus, a series of cholyl-amino acid-gabapentin prodrugs was prepd. and the in vitro enzymic release of gabapentin evaluated.
405336-20-79 405336-49-09 40536-53-69F
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity) SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use), BIOL (Biological study), PREF (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(Uses) (prepn. of compds. for sustained release of orally delivered drugs) 406936-20-7 CAPLUS (Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-{{{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.,}-3.7,12-

ANSWER 7 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

IT 406936-19-4P

406936-19-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of compds. for sustained release of orally delivered drugs) 406936-19-4 CAPUS (Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.,)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 5 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 7 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]methyl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

● Na

406936-49-0 CAPLUS

400935-49-U CAPLOS Cyclohexaneaestic acid, 1-[[[(1S)-4-carboxy-1-oxo-2-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]butyl]amino]methyl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

406936-53-6 CAPLUS 40090-03-0 CAPUS Cyclohexaneacetic acid, 1-[[([15]-1-oxo-4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12. alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]butyl]amino]methyl]-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 8 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
111LE:
2001:886239 CAPLUS
136:37953
TITLE:
301c:3000 dependent release of insulin from glucose sensing insulin derivatives
Jensen, Thomas Hoogy Havelund, Svend; Markussen, Jany Ostergaard, Soren Ridderberg, Signer Balschmidt, Per; Schaeffer, Lauger Jonassen, Ib
Novo Nordisk A/S, Den.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
POCUMENT TYPE:
DOCUMENT TYPE:
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
PATEN

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PENT :				ΝD	DATE					CATI			DATE			
	2001				1	2001	1206							2001	0601		
	v:					ΑT,											
						DK,											
		HR,	ΗU,	ID,	ΙL,	IN,	IS,	JP,	ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS
		LT,	LU,	LV,	ΜA,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX.	MZ,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO
		RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	TR.	TT,	TZ,	UA,	UG,	UΖ,	٧N
		ΥU,	ZA,	ZW,	AM,	ΑZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM				
	RW:	GH,	GM,	ΚE,	LS,	MW,	MZ,	SD,	SL,	SZ,	TZ,	UG,	ZW,	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	CY
						FR,										TR,	BE
						CH,											
US	2002	0287	67	A:	1	2002	0307		U	5 20	01-8	7088	4	2001	0531		
EP	1290	024		A:	1	2003	0312		E	P 20	01-9	3800.	5	2001	0601		
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT
		IE,	SI,	LT,	LV,	FI,	RO,	MK,	CY,	AL,	TR			• •			
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														2001	0601		
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capable of delivering insulin from a depot as a function of the glucose concn. in the surrounding medium (e.g., tissue). Thus, LysB29[N.epsilon.-(.gamma.-glutamyl-N.alpha.-lithocholoyl)], LysB30(N.epsilon.-3-intro-5-boronobenzoyl) human insulin (17) was prepd. by coupling N.epsilon.-(3-nitro-5-pinacolboronobenzoyl) He lysinate hydrochloride (prepn. given) to the carboxylic acid group of LysB29 in des(830) human insulin using achromobacter lyticus protease, acylation of the intermediate with .gamma.-hydroxysuccinind(y) .alpha.-Me glutamyl-N.alpha.-lithocholate, and sapon. Product 17 showed EC50 = 0.16 nM for binding to the insulin receptor and the intermediate in its synthesis showed EC50 = 16.1 nM for carbohydrate binding.

RL: RCT (Reactant) P.RACT (Reactant or reagent) (glucose dependent release of insulin from glucose sensing insulin dativz.)

137780-60-4 CAPLUS
L-Morvaline, 5-((2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxyl-N-((3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-5-oxo-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 8 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 1 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
115t:273221
125t:273221
17TLE:
Preparation of lipophilic human glucagon-like peptide-1 derivatives with protracted action profiles Knudsen, Liselotte: Huusfeldt, Per Olaf, Nielsen, Per Franklin; Kaarsholm, Niels C.; Olsen, Helle Birk; Bjorn, Soren Erik; Pedersen, Freddy Zimmerdahl; Madsen, Kjeld
Novo Nordisk A/s, Den.
U.S., 136 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 38,432, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM
PATENT INFORMATION:
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
11 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. 4 20010718 A 19960310 A 19961108 A 19961208 P 19970124 P 19970125 A 19980227 A 19980421 B 2 1998041 B 19980408 A 19980408 P 19980421 P 19980421 P 19980421 US 2001-9085
U 1996-931
DX 1996-1259
DX 1996-1470
US 1997-36255P
US 1997-36255P
US 1997-36250
US 1997-96250
US 1997-918810
UX 1998-263
DX 1998-263
DX 1998-264
DX 1998-274
US 1998-274
US 1998-38432
UX 1998-509
UX 1998-509
UX 1998-608
UX 1998-608
UX 1998-808
UX 1998-808 1998-82802P 1997-35905P

L6 ANSWER 9 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

JP 1998-511183 A3 19970822

US 1997-922200 B2 19970902

DK 1998-271 A 19980227

US 1998-8422P P 19980318

US 1998-82479P P 19980518

US 1999-82479P P 19980518

US 1999-258187 B1 19990225

US 1999-258187 B1 19990225

US 1999-258750 A2 19990226

OTHER SOURCE(S):

AB The present invention relates to human glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) derivs. having a lipophilic substituent, compans. contg. these derivs., and to methods for their prepn. A claimed compd. is His-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-Val-Arg-Gly-Arg-Gly. Thus, coupling of GLP-1(7-37)-OH with Me(CH2)12CO-Glu (OSu)-OCMe3 (Su = succinimidyl) (prepn. given), followed by deesterification with C73COZH and chromatog, purifn. gave 8t bis-adduct Lys[Me(CH2)12CO-gamma.-Glu)26,34-GLP-1(7-37)-OH. Several prepd. lipophilic GLP-1 analogs were tested for protracted plasma concn. in pigs and were found to be much more persistent than GLP-1(7-37). In addn., the time of peak plasma concn. was found to vary within wide limits depending on the particular lipophilic GLP-1 deriv. selected. The efficacy of several prepd. derivs. was tested by stimulation of cAMP in a cell line expressing cloned human GLP-1 receptor.

I7 24013-29-3P

RLi RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT

240133-29-3P

RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation): RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(glucagon-like peptide conjugates: prepn. of lipophilic human glucagon-like peptide-l derivs. with protracted action profiles)

240133-29-3 CAPLUS

L-Norvaline, S-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-N-[(3,alpha,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 18 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 10 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:566665 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 135:122756

135:122756
Preparation of lipophilic human glucagon-like peptide-1 derivatives with protracted action profiles Knudsen, Liselotte Bjerrer Huusfeldt, Per Olaf, Nielsen, Per Franklin Kaarsholen, Niels C., Olsen, Helle Birk; Bjorn, Soren Erik; Pedersen, Freddy Zimmerdahl; Madsen, Kjeld TITLE: INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

Zimmerdahl, Madsen, Kjeld Den. U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 133 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Sec. No. 265,141. CODEN: USXXCO Patenti English 11

DOCUMENT TYPE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.		KI	מא	DATE			1	PPI.I	CATI	ON N	2	DATE			
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										U	2 17	199-3	9811	1	1999	1910		
	US	6458	924		В.	2	2002	1001										
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			DK.	EE.	ES.	FI.	GB.	GE.	GH.	HU.	T L.	IS.	JP.	KE.	KG,	KP.	KR.	KZ.
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												MD,						
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			GB,	GR,	ΙE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	ВJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,
			GN.	ML.	MR.	NE.	SN.	TD.	TG									
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	7.A	9707	791		A		1998	0302		7.	A 19	97-7	791		1997	3829		
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		6260	243				2001	0301			- ::		5075		1999	2225		
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	US	2002	0259	33	A.	1	2002	0228		U	5 20	101-9	0853	4	2001	0718		
PRIOR	ITY	APP	LN.	INFO	. :					DK 1	996-	931		Α	1996	0830		
															1996			
															1996			
										US 1	997-	3625	5P	P	1997	J124		

ANSWER 10 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

DK 1998-274 A 19980227

EP 1998-610006 A 19980313

DK 1998-508 A 19980408

DK 1998-509 A 19980408

US 1998-55789P 19980518

US 1998-55789P 19980518

HER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 135:122756

The present invention relates to pharmaceutical compns. comprising lipophilic human glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) derivs. having a lipophilic human glucagon-like peptide-1 (GLP-1) derivs. having a lipophilic bubstituent and a surfactant. Thus, coupling of GLP-1(7-37)-OH with Me(CH2)12CO-GM03(SU-9 succinimidy1) (prepn. given), followed by deesterification with CF3CO2H and chromatog, purifn. gave 8% bis-adduct tys/BM (GR2)12CO-1gamma.-Glu/26,34-GLP-1(7-37)-OH. Several prepd. lipophilic GLP-1 analogs were tested for protracted plasma concn. in pigs and were found to be much more persistent than GLP-1(7-73). In addn., the time of peak plasma connen. was found to vary within wide linits depending on the particular lipophilic GLP-1 deriv. selected. The efficacy of several prepd. derivs. was tested by stimulation of cAMP in a cell line expressing cloned human GLP-1 receptor.

240133-29-3P

RL: RC (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(glucagon-like peptide-1 derivs. with protracted action profiles)

240133-29-3 (APUE)

1-Norvaline, S-1(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl) oxyl-N-1(3,alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl)-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2001:101167 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 134:168315
ITITLE: Enhancement of bioavailability of peptides with bile salts
Morcison, James Duncan; Lucas, Michael Leslie; Wheeler, Sarah
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Morison, James Duncan; Lucas, Michael Leslie; Wheeler, Sarah
The University Court of the University of Glasgow, UK PCT Int. Appl., 28 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1 DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE 324753-46-0

RL: BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); TRU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (enhancement of bioavailability of peptides with bile salts) 324753-46-0 CAPLUS L-Phenylalaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-lalpha.-glutamyl-L-lalpha.-glutamyl-L-lalpha.-glutamyl-L-.alpha.-glutamyl

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 11 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 2-A

ACCESSION NUMBER: DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

ANSWER 12 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
SSION NUMBER: 2000:707189 CAPLUS
MENT NUMBER: 133:267020
synthesis and activity of liver specific bile acid derivatives of the glucocorticoid antagonist RU486 Apelqvist, Theress Wu, Jinchang; Koehler, Konrad F.
Karo Bio AB, Swed.
CC: COEN: PIXXD2
MENT TYPE: Patent INVENTOR(S): PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE A1 20001005 WO 2000058337 A1 20001005 W0 2000-EF2429 20000318
W: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GH, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, KY, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, ML, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, MH, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

EP 1165595 B1 20003014
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, SS, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO

JP 2002540215 T2 20021126
AU 758654 B2 20030327 AU 2000-68037 20000318
AT 240346 E 20030515 AT 2000-922530 20000318
AT 240346 E 20030327 AU 2000-62893 20000318
AT 240346 E 20030515 AT 2000-922530 20000318
US 6468975 B1 20020515 AT 2002-937374 20020211
RITY APPLN. INFO: WO 2000058337 WO 2000-EP2429 20000318 JP 2000-608037 20000318
AU 2000-42893 20000318
AT 2000-922530 20000318
US 2002-937374 20020211
GB 1999-7048 A 19990327
WO 2000-EP2429 W 20000318 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

RR SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 133:267020

Novel glucocorticoid receptor ligands of formula (I) [R = H, aliph. hydrocarbon, arom. hydrocarbon, carboxylic acid or ester, alkenyl carboxylic acid or ester, hydroxy, halogen, cyano halogen, cyano: W = methine carbon having the R, S, or racemic stereochem; X and Z are the same or are different and = bond, amide (-CONR'- or -NNICO-), amine (-NN'-), ether (-O-), or thioether (-S-) and R1 = H, aliph. hydrocarbon, or arom. hydrocarbon; n, o are the same or are different and = 1-6, m = 0-6; Y = hydroxyl group, carboxylic acid or ester, tetrazole, acylsulfonamide (-CONHSOZR2 or -SOZNHCOR2 where R2 = aliph. or arom. hydrocarbon)] or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof are synthesized and tested. A method for treating diseases associd. with metab. dysfunction or which are dependent on the expression of a glucocorticoid such as diabetes are claimed.

298186-91-1P
RL: BAC (Blological activity or afficial-OTHER SOURCE(S):

298186-91-1P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SFN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses) (synthesis and activity of liver specific bile acid derivs. of the glucocorticoid antagonist RU486)
298186-91-1 CAPLUS

ANSWER 12 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

ANSWER 12 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)
L-Glutamine, N.P.={[3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.}-3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-N-[4-[(11.beta.,17.beta.)-17-hydroxy-3-oxo-17-(1-propynyl)estra-4,9-dien-11-yl]phanyl]-N-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

298186-94-4P
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(synthesis and activity of liver specific bile acid derivs. of the glucocoticoid antagonist RU486)
298186-94-4 CAPLUS
L-Glutamine, NZ-(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.)-3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-N-(4-{11.beta.,17.beta.}-17-hydroxy-3-oxo-17-(1-propynyl)estra-4,9-dien-11-yl]phenyl]-N-methyl-, methyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

KIND DATE

L6 ANSWER 13 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:10612 CAPLUS
102:73648
Lipophilic insulin derivatives soluble at physiological pH with prolonged serum half-lives and biological activity
INVENTOR(S): Havelund, Svend; Halstrom, John; Jonassen, Ib; Andersen, Asser Sloth; Markussen, Jan
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Novo Nordisk A/S, Den.
U.S., 47 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. 5,750,497.
CODEN: USXXAM
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

US	6011	.007		A		2000	0104		1	US	199	7-9	7536	55	1997	1120		
ZA	9407	187		Α		1995	0317			ZA	199	4-7	187		1994	0916		
JP	2000	0605	56	A:	2	2000	0229			JP	199	9-2	2163	12	1994	0916		
EP	1132	404		A:	2	2001	0912		1	EP	200	1-1	1299	12	1994	0916		
EP	1132	404		A:	3	2002	0327											
	R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB	, 0	R,	IŤ,	LI,	LU,	, NL,	SE,	PT,	IE.
		SI.	LT															
JP	2002	3088	99	A:	2	2002	1023			JP	200	1-3	8592	1	1994	0916		
US	5750	497		A		1998	0512			US	199	95-4	0025	6	1995	0308		
ΑU	7459	83		В:	2	2002	0411		- 1	ΑU	200	00-5	1960)	2000	0811		
PRIORITY	APP	LN.	INFO.	. :					DK :	199	3-1	044		Α	1993	0917		
									US :	199	5-4	1002	56	A2	1995	0308		
									us :	199	4-3	908	29	Α	1994	0202		
									EP :	199	4-9	268	16	A3	1994	0916		
									JP :	199	5-5	089	23	A3	1994	0916		
									JP :	199	9-2	2216	32	A3	1994	0916		
	ZA JP EP EP US AU	ZA 9407 JP 2000 EP 1132 EP 1132 R: JP 2002 US 5750 AU 7459	EP 1132404 EP 1132404 R: AT, SI, JP 20023088 US 5750497 AU 745983	ZA 9407187 JP 2000060556 EP 1132404 EP 1132404 R: AT, BE, SI, LT JP 2002308899 US 5750497 AU 745983	ZA 9407187 A JP 200000556 A EP 1132404 A EP 1132404 EP 1132401 EP SI, LT JP 2002308899 A US 5750497 A	ZA 9407187 A JP 2000060556 A2 EP 1132404 A2 EF 1132404 A3 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, SI, LT JP 200208899 A2 US 5750497 A AU 745983 B2	ZA 9407187	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 JP 2000060556 A2 20000229 EP 1132404 A2 20010912 ER AT, BE, CH, DE, DX, ES, SI, LT JP 2002308899 A2 20021023 US 5750497 A 19980517 AU 745983 B2 20020411	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 JP 2000060556 A2 20000229 EP 1132404 A2 20010912 EP 1132404 A3 20020327 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, SI LT JP 2002308899 A2 20021023 US 5750497 A 19980512 AU 745983 B2 20020411 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO::	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 JF 2000060556 A2 20000229 EP 1132404 A2 20010912 EP 1132404 A3 20020327 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DN, ES, FR, GB SI, LT JF 2002308899 A2 20021023 US 5750497 A 19980512 AD 745983 B2 20020411 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: DK US US US US US US US US US U	ZA 9407187	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 ZA 1995 JP 2000060556 A2 20000229 JP 199 EP 1132404 A2 20010912 EP 200 EP 1132404 A3 20020327 R: AT, BE, CIH, DE, DX, ES, FR, GB, GR, SI, LT JF 2002308899 A2 20021023 JP 200 US 5750497 A 19980512 US 199 AU 745983 B2 20020411 AU 200 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: DK 1993-1 US 1994-1 US 1994-1 US 1994-1 US 1994-1 US 1994-1 US 1994-1 US 1995-5 UJ 199	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 ZA 1994-7 JP 2000060556 A2 20000229 JP 1999-2 EF 1132404 A2 20010912 EF 2001-1 EF 1132404 A3 20020327 R: AT, BE, CIT, DE, DX, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, SI, LT JF 2002308899 A2 20021023 JP 2001-3 US 5750497 A 19980512 US 1995-4 AU 745983 B2 20020411 AU 2005-5 PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: DX 1993-1044 US 1994-1908 EF 1994-9268 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089 JF 1995-5089	ZA 9407187 A 19950317 ZA 1994-7187 JP 2000060556 A2 20000229 JP 1999-2216 EP 1132404 A2 20010912 EP 2001-11295 EP 1132404 A3 20020327 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, SI, LIT JP 2002308999 A2 20021023 JP 2001-38592 US 5750497 A 19980512 US 1995-400225 A0 745983 B2 20020411 AU 2000-51966	ZA 9407187	2A 9407187	2A 9407187	2A 9407187

APPLICATION NO. DATE

OTHER SOURCE(S):

JP 1995-508923 A3 19940916

RR SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 132:73648

"Human insulin derivs. with improved soly. at physiol: pH and that retain biol. activity for longer than wild-type human insulin are described. The insulins are substituted at positions A21 and B3 with either being any amino acid except lysine, arginine, or cysteine. The phenylalanine at B1 may be deleted and the amino acid at position B30 may be deleted or substituted by any amino acid except lysine, arginine, or cysteine or by another amino acid that is lipophilic having a C10-24 side chain. If B30 is deleted or substituted, lysineB29 is modified by a carboxylic acid connected to the .epsilon.-amino group. When B30 is threonine or alanine and A21 and B3 are both asparagine, and phenylalanineB1 is present, then the insulin deriv. is always present as a Zn2 complex.

169986-19-4

RR (Reactant), RACT (Reactant or account)

100900-19-4
RE: RCT (Reactant): RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(acylation of insulin derivs. using: lipophilic insulin derivs. sol. at physiol. pH with prolonged serum half-lives and biol. activity)
168986-19-4 CAPLUS

168986-19-4 CAPLUS
Pentanoic acid, 5-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (4S)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 13 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

REFERENCE COUNT:

(Continued)

(Continued) ANSWER 14 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 9 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 14 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:566075 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 111:200093
ITITLE: 200093
INVENTOR(S): 300093
INVENTOR(S): 300093
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 400093
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): 400093
POCUMENT TYPE: 400093
DOCUMENT TYPE: 400093
DOCUMENT TYPE: 400093
PATENT INFORMATION: 400093 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION: APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO. KIND DATE The source of th 240133-29-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant): SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(prepn. of GLP-1 analogs for treatment of obesity and non-insulin dependent diabetes mellitus)
240133-29-3 CAPLUS
L-Norvaline, 5-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA

L6 ANSWER 15 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1399:565926 CAPLUS
131:185249
GDF-1 derivatives with helix-content exceeding 25 %, forming partially structured micellar-like aggregates
Knudsen, Liselotte Bjerrer, Huusfeldt, Per Olaf:
Nielsen, Per Franklin; Kaarsholm, Niels C.; Olsen, Helle Birk; Bjorn, Soren Erik
Novo Nordisk A/s, Den.
PATENT INFORMATION:
English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC, NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	TENT	NO.				DATE								DATE				
	WO.	994	3341				1999	0902			0 19				1999	0225			
			AL,														cz,	DE,	
							GB,												
			ΚE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	ΚZ,	LC,	LK,	LR,	LS,	LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	
			MW,	ΜX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	SE,	SG,	SI,	SK,	SL,	TJ,	TM,	
			TR,	TT,	UA,	UG,	UZ,	VN,	YU,	ZW,	AM,	AZ,	BY,	KG,	ΚZ,	MD,	RU,	TJ,	TM
		RW:	GH,																
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			CI,				GW,												
			5107				1999												
	ΕP		1946																
		R:	ΑT,	BE,	CH,	DΕ,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SΕ,	PT,	ΙE,	FΙ
	JP	2002	25045	18	T	2	2002	0212		J	P 20	00-5	3313	7	1999	0225			
RIO	RIT	Y API	PLN.	INFO	.:										1998				
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	i mr	2007	ad en	11/	and/	nr =	tahi	litu	· T	hu 🖷 🗀	Ara	76"7	d' Tare	-361	N on	• i l'o		- a 2 mg	

GLP-1 derivs, were prepd. and used to prep. pharmaceutical compns. of improved soly. and/or stability. Thus, Arg26;34, Lys36[N.epsilon.or] rgamma. glutamyl(N.alpha.-hexadecanoyl)] GLP-1 (7-36)-ON, prepd. via reaction of Arg26,34, Lys36 GLP-1 (7-36)-OH with N.alpha.-hexadecanoylglutamic acid succinimidyl ester, vas combined with mannitol and phenol in a pharmaceutical formulation.
240133-29-3P
RL: RCT (Reactant). SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (prepn. of GLP-1 derivs. which form partially structured micellar-like aggregates)
240133-29-3 CAPLUS
L-Norvaline, 5-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 15 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:278142 CAPLUS
ITILE: 131:110884 Modified-Peptide Inhibitors of Amyloid .beta.-Peptide Polymerization
AUTHOR(S): Findeis, Mark A., Musso, Gary M., Arico-Muendel, Christopher C., Benjamin, Howard W., Hundal, Arvind M., Lee, Jung-Ju, Chin, Josephy, Kelley, Michael; Wakefield, James, Hayward, Neil J., Molineaux, Susan M.

Christopher C.; Benjamin, Howard W.; Hundal, Arvind M.; Lee, Jung-Jar Chin, Joseph Kelley, Michael; Wakefield, James: Hayward, Neil J.; Molineaux, Susan M.

CORPORATE SOURCE: PRAECIS Pharm. Inc., Cambridge, MA, 02139-1572, USA Biochemistry (1999), 38 (21), 6791-6800

CODEN: BICHAW; ISSN: 0006-2960

American Chemical Society

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB Cellular toxicity resulting from nucleation-dependent polymn. of amyloid obsta.-peptide (A.beta.) is considered to be a major and possibly the primary component of Alzheimer's disease (AD). Inhibition of A.beta. polymn, has thus been identified as a target for the development of therapeutic agents for the treatment of AD. The intrinsic affinity of A.beta. for itself suggested that A.beta.-specific interactions could be adapted to the development of compds. that would bind to A.beta. and prevent it from polymg. A.beta.-derived peptides of fifteen residues were found to be inhibitory of A.beta. polymn. The activity of these peptides was subsequently enhanced through modification of their amino termini with specific org. reagents. Addinl. series of compds. prepd. to probe structural requirements for activity allowed redn. of the size of the inhibitors and optimization of the Abeta.-derived peptide portion to afford a lead compd., cholyl-leu-Val-Phe-Phe-Ala-OH (PPI-369), with potent polymn. inhibitory activity but limited biochem atability. The corresponding all-D-amino acyl analog peptide acid (PPI-33) and amide (PPI-457) retained inhibitory activity and were both stable in monkey cerebrospinal fluid for 24 h.

18 183746-30-89

RL BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified), SPN (Synthetic preparation), BIOL (Biological study), PREF (Preparation)

(modified peptide inhibitors of amyloid .beta.-peptide polymn. and stability in monkey CSF)

RN 183745-86-0 CAPLUS

Glycine, N-[(3) alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yi]-L-alpha-glutamyl-L-pheylalanyl-L-heistidyl-L-alpha-gl

ANSWER 16 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-A

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 183746-15-8 CAPLUS
CN L-Phenylalanine, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-valyl-L-histidyl-L-

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued) PAGE 2-A

183746-28-3 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N2-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroyy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

183746-31-8 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, NZ-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl}-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 16 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 2-A

REFERENCE COUNT: THERE ARE 38 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 40
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1111E:
INVENTOR(S):
INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):
SOURCE:
COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
1999:21679 CAPLUS
130:95847
Preparation of amyloid .beta. peptides and derivatives that modulate .beta.-amyloid aggregation
Findels, Mark A. 1, Benjamin, Howard; Garnick, Marc B.;
Geftee, Malcolm L.; Hundal, Arvind; Kasman, Laura;
Musso, Gary; Signer, Ethan R.; Wakefield, James; Red,
Michael, Mollneaux, Susan; Kubasek, William; Chin,
Joseph; Lee, Jung-Ja; Kelley, Michael
U.S., S2 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 404,831.
CODEN: USXXXAM
Patent

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	US 5854204	A	19981229	US 1996-612785	19960314
	US 5817626	A	19981006	US 1995-404831	19950314
	US 5854215	A	19981229	US 1995-475579	19950607
	AU 759036	B2	20030403	AU 2000-35389	20000519
PRIO	RITY APPLN.	INFO.:		US 1995-404831 A2	19950314
					19950607
				US 1995-548998 A2	19951027

US 1995-475579 A2 19950607
US 1995-548998 A2 19950607
US 1995-58284 A3 199600314
Compds. that modulate the aggregation of amyloidogenic proteins or peptides are disclosed. The modulators of the invention can promote amyloid aggregation or, more preferably, can inhibit natural amyloid aggregation. In a preferred embodiment, the compds, modulate the aggregation of natural beta. amyloid peptides (.beta.-AP). In a preferred embodiment, the compd. and the aggregation of natural beta. amyloid modulator compds. of the invention are comprised of an Arbeta. aggregation core-domain-and amodifying group coupled thereto such that the compd. alters the aggregation or inhibits the neurotoxicity of natural .beta. Amyloid peptides when contacted with the peptides. Furthermore, the modulators are capable of altering natural .beta.-AP aggregation when the natural .beta.-APs are in a molar excess amt. relative to the modulators. Pharmaceutical comps. comprising the compds. of the invention, and diagnostic and treatment methods for amyloidogenic diseases using the compds. of the invention, are also disclosed.

183745-86-0P 183746-15-8P 183746-28-3P

RES RAC (Biological activity or effects.

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

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- (CH₂) 4 NH₂

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
RN 183746-15-8 CAPLUS
CN L-Phenylalanine, N={(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.alpha.-glutamyl-L-valyl-L-histidyl-L-

ANSWER 17 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) histidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

ANSWER 17 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 2-A

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 17 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

183746-28-3 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N2-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry

183746-31-8 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N2-((3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 18 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:765933 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 130:172907
ITITLE: In vitro absorption studies of ibuprofen with cholic and deoxycholic acid conjugates
AUTHOR(S): Vishwakarma, K. K.; Kohli, D. V.; Uppadhyay, R. K.
CORPORATE SOURCE: Vishwavidyalaya, Sagar, 470 003, India
Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Dr. H. S. Gour
Vishwavidyalaya, Sagar, 470 003, India
Indian Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences (1998),
60(3), 149-152
COLDEN: JISIOW, ISSN: 0250-474X
PUBLISHER: Indian Pharmaceutical Association
JOCUMENT TYPE: Journal of Pharmaceutical Association
JOCUMENT TYPE: Indian Pharmaceutical Association
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220362-75-4 CAPLUS L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,12.alpha.)-3,12-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]-, disodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 18 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

●2 Na

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 16 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

REFERENCE COUNT:

THERE ARE 45 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L6 ANSWER 19 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:400309 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 129:170489

TITLE: Basic studies on N"-ursodecxycholyldiethylenetriamineN,N,N'-triacetic acid for the dissolution of calcified
gallstones

Takahashi, Makoto: Konishi, Toshio: Naeda, Yorinobu;
Fukuzawa, Masataka: Nishida, Toshihiro: Ohya,
Toshihide: Katayama, Kouji: Kakehi, Norihiko:
Sakakura, Hiroot Takagi, Atsushi: Maeda, Minoru:
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Surgery, Chugoku Rosai Hospital,
Hiroshima, 737-01, Japan

Biological & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1998), 21(6),
551-557

PUBLISHER: Pharmaceutical Society of Japan

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: AB a novel calcium-chelating agent, N"-ursodecxycholyldiethylenetriamineN,N,N'-triacetic acid (UDCA-DTTA), was synthesized to study its ability to
dissolve calcified gallstones. The chelating activity of the compd. was
demonstrated by dissolving calcium carbonate in vitro at a high dissoln.
rate. In the presence of the agent, Slicce human gallstone with a compn.
of more than 50% calcium bilirubinate was thoroughly dissolved, indicating
that calcium bilirubinate was dissolved from the gallstone. The ability
to dissolve calcium was comparable to that of EDTA. However, the laminar
structure of the sliced gallstone din not disappear in the presence of
EDTA, whereas the structure disappeared in the presence of UDCA-DTTA. All
these results indicate that UDCA-DTTA is an interesting compd. as a parent
substance for developing a prodrug for an oral or i.v. agent to dissolve
calcium-conto, gallstones.

99956-35-1
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); BIOL (Biological study) (ursodeoxycholyldiethylenetriamine triacetic acid for calcified gallstone dissoln., and prepn. thereof)
99956-35-1 CAPLUS
L-Glutamic acid, N-{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)-3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:433596 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 127:70711
TITLE: Enhanced Transepithelial Transport of Peptides by
Conjugation to Cholic Acid
AUTHOR(S): Swan, Peter V., Hilgren, Kathleen M., Szoka, Francis
C. Jr.; Oie, Svein
CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Biopharmaceutical Sciences, University
of California at San Francisco, San Francisco, CA,
94143-0446, USA
SOURCE: Bioconjugate Chemistry (1997), 8(4), 520-525
CODEN: BCCHES; ISSN: 1043-1802
PUBLISHER: American Chemical Society
OCCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB The potential of the intestinal bile acid transporter to serve as a
shuttle for small peptide mols. was investigated. Eleven peptides with a
2-6 amino acid backbone were conjugated to the 24-position of
3 alpha, 7. alpha, 12. alpha, -trihydroxy-5 beta, -cholan-24-oic acid (cholic
acid) via an amide bond using an autemated peptide synthesizer. In a
human intestinal cell line (CaCo-2), cholic acid-peptide conjugates were
able to inhibit the transport of [3H] taurocholic acid, a
natural substrate for the bile acid carrier, at a 100:1
Conjugate/substrate ratio. Affinity for the carrier decreased
significantly when the conjugate in the 24-position increased from 1 to 2
amino acids. Further increase in the samino acid chain length caused only
minor decrease in affinity. A tetrapeptide-bile acid conjugate,
(3H)ChEADA (Ch - cholic acid), was transported by the bile acid
transporter, showing markedly higher apical (AP)-to-basolateral (BL)
compared to BL-to-AP transport and inhibition by a 100-fold excess
taurocholic acid. Another conjugate with 6 amino acids (ChEASASA) was
transported by a passive diffusion pathway but still showed higher
transport acts than the passive permeability marker mannitol, suggesting
the possibility that the cholic acid molety aids the passive membrane
transfer of peptide mols, by increasing its lipophilicity. Membrane
acid-peptide conjugates in CaCo-2 calls was 31 slopokil, tothe the service mannitol, and
increased in

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

PAGE 1-B

RN 191528-85-5 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl-L-seryl(9C1) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-B

RN 191528-89-9 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RN 191528-90-2 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl-L-tyrosyl- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) PAGE 1-B

RN 191528-87-7 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

RN 191528-88-8 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

RN 191528-91-3 CAPLUS
CN L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-seryl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

(Continued)

PAGE 1-A

PAGE 1-B

191528-92-4 CAPLUS
L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-2d-oxocholan-2d-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl-L-seryl-L-alanyl- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

(Continued)

PAGE 1-B

L6 ANSWER 20 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

191528-93-5 CAPLUS L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-phenylalanyl-L-seryl-L-seryl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

PAGE 1-B

191528-94-6 CAPLUS

191328-34-0 CEEBUS
L-Alaninamide, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.gamma.-glutamyl-L-alanyl-L-seryl-L-prolyl-L-seryl-

L6 ANSWER 21 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1997:218959 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:308684

TITLE: Use of the intestinal bile acid transporter for the uptake of cholic acid conjugates with HIV-1 protease inhibitory activity

AUTHOR(S): Kagedahe, Matrs, Swaan, Peter W., Redemann, Carl T.;

Tang, Mary; Craik, Charles S.; Szoka, Francis C., Jr.;

Oie, Svein

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Pharmacy Pharmaceutical Chem., Univ. California, San Francisco, CA, 94143-0446, USA

SOURCE: Pharmacy Pharmaceutical Chem., Univ. California, San Francisco, CA, 94143-0446, USA

PUBLISHER: Pharmaceutical Research (1997), 14(2), 176-180

COURNY TYPE: Journal

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

AB The purpose of this study was to investigate the ability of the human intestinal bile acid transporter to transport cholic acid was conjugated at the 24 position of the sterol nucleus with various amino acids and amino acid analogs. The CaCo-2 cell line was used as a model to investigate the interaction of these bile acid conjugates with the human intestinal bile acid transporter. Interaction between the carrier and the conjugates way quantified by inhibition of taurocholic acid transport and confirmed by transport of radiolabeled conjugates in this cell line. The highest interaction with the transporter, as quantified by inhibition of taurocholic acid transport of radiolabeled conjugates with the transporter, as quantified by inhibition of taurocholic acid transport of radiolabeled conjugates with the transporter, as quantified by inhibition of taurocholic acid transport, occurred when a single neg. charge was present around the 24 to 29 region of the sterol nucleus. A second neg. charge or a pos. charge significantly reduced the interaction. Transport of radiolabeled conjugates with the propriets esterochem. are recongized and transported by the human bile acid transporter and show modest HIV-1 protease inhibitory activity. Transport of these conjugates by the bile acid carrier is influenced by charge and hydrophobicity around

influenced by charge and hydrophobicity around the 24 position of the sterol nucleus.
189261-18-29
RI: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BPR (Biological process); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); PNU (Preparation, unclassified); TNU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); PROC (Process); USES (Uses) (use of intestinal bile acid transporter for uptake of cholic acid conjugates with HIV-1 protease inhibitory activity)
189261-15-2 CAPLUS
L-Glutamic acid, N-{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-, S-(phenylmethyl) ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 21 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ANSWER 22 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)
encephalopathy, and Creutzfeldt-Jakob disease. Thus, N-biotinylDAFFRHDSOYEYHHOKLYFFAEDVGSNKGAIIGLMYGGVY-OH (N-biotinyl-)beta-API-40),
prepd. by the solid phase synthesis using a N.alpha. Faco-based protection
strategy and Fnoc-Val-Wang resin, at 11 markedly inhibited aggregation of
the natural beta-amyloid peptide (.beta-API-40).
183745-86-0P 183746-15-8P 183746-28-3P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological
study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use);
BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(prepn. of peptides as modulators of amyloid aggregation for treating
amyloidosis-assocd. disorders)
183745-86-0 CAPLUS
Glycine, N-[(3,alpha.,5,beta.,7,alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24oxocholan-24-yi)-t--alpha.-glutamyl-t-valyl-t-histidyl-Lglutaminyl-t-lysyl-t-leucyl-t-valyl-t-phenylalanyl-t-phenylalanyl-t-alanylL-alpha.-glutamyl-t--alpha.-aspartyl-t-valyl- (SCI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1996:748345 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 126:19332
ITILE: 2009 Accident as modulators of amyloid aggregation
INVENTOR(S): Preparation of peptides as modulators of amyloid aggregation
Findeis, Mark A.; Benjamin, Howard; Garnick, Marc B.; Gefter, Malcolm L.; Hundal, Arvind; Kasman, Laura; Musso, Gary; Signer, Ethan R.; Wakefield, James; et al.
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pharmaceutical Peptides Incorporated, USA
PCT Int. Appl., 105 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Patent
LANGUAGE: PIXCOLUMENT 7

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 9628471	Al 1996091	9 WO 1996-US3492	19960314
W: AU, CA	, JP		
RW: AT, BE	, CH, DE, DK, ES	s, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,	LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
US 5817626	A 1998100	06 US 1995-404831	19950314
US 5854215	A 1998122	29 US 1995~475579	19950607
AU 9652524	A1 1996100	2 AU 1996-52524	19960314
EP 815134	A1 1998010	7 EP 1996-908805	19960314
EP 815134	B1 2002060)5	
R: AT, BE	, CH, DE, DK, ES	S, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU,	NL, SE, MC, PT,
IE, FI			
JP 11514333	T2 1999120	7 JP 1996-527816	19960314
AT 218583	E 2002061	L5 AT 1996~908805	19960314
AU 759036	B2 2003040	3 AU 2000-35389	20000519
PRIORITY APPLN. INF	0.:	US 1995-404831 A	19950314

AU 759036 B2 2003030 AU 2000-25389 20000519

AU 759036 B2 20030403 AU 2000-25389 20000519

AU 759036 B2 20030403 AU 2000-25389 20000519

US 1995-408391 A 19950067

US 1995-458998 A 19950067

AU 1996-52524 A 319960314

Compds. that modulate the aggregation of amyloidogenic proteins or peptides are disclosed. The modulators of the invention can promote amyloid aggregation or, more preferably, can inhibit natural amyloid aggregation of natural .beta. amyloid peptides (.beta.-AP). In a preferred embodiment, the compds. modulate the aggregation of natural .beta. amyloid modulator compds. of the invention are comprised of an A. beta. aggregation core domain and a modifying group coupled thereto such that the compd. alters the aggregation or inhibits the neurotoxicity of natural .beta.-APs are in a molar excess amt. relative to the modulators are capable of altering natural .beta.-AP aggregation when the natural .beta.-APs are in a molar excess amt. relative to the modulators.

Pharmaceutical compns. comprising the compds. of the invention, and diagnostic and treatment methods for amyloidogenic diseases using the compds. of the invention, are also disclosed. These peptide compds are bound to natural .beta.-amyloid peptides to facilitate diagnosis of a .beta.-amyloidogenic disease, in particular Alzheimer's disease, and are useful for treating a disorder assocd. with amyloidopsis including, e.g. familial amyloid polyneuropathy or cardiomyopathy, isolated cardiac amyloid, systemic senile amyloidosis, scrapie, bovine spongiform

ANSWER 22 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***
183746-15-8 CAPLUS
L-Phenylalnaine, N-[(3.elpha.,5.beta.,7.elpha.,12.elpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-.elpha.-glutamyl-L-valyl-L-histidyl-Lhistidyl-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA
INOEX_NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-A

L6 ANSWER 22 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

PAGE 1-B

183746-28-3 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, NZ-{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-L-phenylalanyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

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PAGE 2-A

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L6 ANSWER 22 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

183746-31-8 CAPLUS L-Phenylalanine, N2-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-L-glutaminyl-L-lysyl-L-leucyl-L-valyl-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 23 OF 40
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
171TLE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

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	A 9407 A 2171 A 2171 U 9476 U 6820 N 1133 N 1056 R 9407 U 2176 P 7922 P 7922	90		. — В		2001	0829											_
_	R: 0 1128 P 3014 P 0950 P 2000 L 1784 L 1109 Z 2879 U 2164 P 1132 P 1132	AT,	BE,	СН,	DE,	DK,	E5,	rĸ,	GB,	GR,	LE,	11,	LI,	100,	NL,	PT,	SE	
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	U /459	83		B	2	2002	0411		A	U 20	00-5	1960	_	2000	0811			
PRIORI	T 2048 S 2163 K 2824 P 2002 I 9601 O 9601 U 9748 U 7459 TY APP	TN.	INFO	. :					UK I	993-	1044		A	1993	UY17			
									US 1	994-	1908	29	Α.	1994 1994	0202			
									EP 1	994-	9268	10	A3	1994	0916			
									JP 1	995-	5089	23	A3	1994	0916			
									JP 1	999-	2216	32	A3	1994	0916			

ANSWER 23 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)
W0 1994-DK347 W 19940916

Novel human insulin derivs. with improved soly, and a protracted profile of action are described for use in the treatment of diabetes. These analogs have amino acid substitutions at amino acids A21 and B3 (any amino acid except Lys, Arg, or Cys) PheB1 may be deleted and B30 is substituted by a C10-24 lipophilic amino acid or any naturally occurring amino acid except Lys, Arg, or Cys; if B30 is a lipophilic amino acid, then the epsilon.-NH2 group of Lys289 is acylated with a C.loreq.5 carboxylic acid. They may be used in the treatment of diabetes in several pharmaceutical compons, presented. Chem. prepn. of some of these analogs and the manuf. of the amino acid-substituted A and B chains by expression of the cloned cDNAs is demonstrated.
168986-19-4

RE: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(acylated derivs. of human insulin with improved soly. and stability for treatment of diabetes)
16986-19-4 CAPLUS
Pentanoic acid, 5-[(2,5-dioxo-1-pyrrolidinyl)oxy]-4-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]amino]-5-oxo-, 1,1-dimethylethyl ester, (45)-solute stereochemistry.

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ON STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:631137 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:231137

DOCUMENT NUMBER:

L6 ANSWER 24 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:631137 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:231137

ITILE: Electron impact ionization mass spectra of lithocholyl amides: evidences for a C(20) to C(23) rearrangement involving the loss of a C48P fragment
AUTHOR(S): Nair, Padmanabhan P.; Flanagan, Vincent P.; Oliver, James E.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Beltsville Human Nutrition Res. Center, Agricultural Research Service, Beltsville, MD, 20705, USA
Organic Mars Spectrometry (1994), 29(7), 335-41
COODEN: ORMSEG, ISSN: 0030-493X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Lenglish
AB Amides of lithocholic acid (3.alpha.-hydroxy-5.beta.-cholan-24-oic acid)
With 6-aminocaproic acid and 4-aminobutyric acid vere prepd. and examd. by electron impact ionization mass spectrometry. Both these compds. gave an unusual (M - 57)+ fragment. Since the product-ion anal. of (M - 57)+ revealed the presence of fragments corresponding to the intact steroid anicleus in addn. to that of the original amino acid (6-aminocaproic acid or 4-aminobutyric acid), we concluded that the integrity of the steroid amide had been retained in this fragment. The absence of this fragment from the product-ion spectrum of (M - (H3)+ rules out the sequential loss from the mol. ion of 15 + 42 u as the origin of this signal. Mass spectrometry of the 24-13C-labeled lithocholylcaproylamide showed the retention of the label in the (M - 57)+ fragment. In contrast, the corresponding compd. labeled with deuterium at C(23) showed a significant loss of the label during the fornation of this product ion at (M - 58)+. In addn., through a combination of derivatization and tandem mass spectrometry, it was demonstrated that this loss of 57 u represented a rearrangement with the expulsion of a C489 radical from the side-chain spanning C(20) to C(23) resulting a truncated steroid-amide fragment. This fragmentation pattern has not been obsd. in bile acid conjugates with .alpha.-anino acids.

IT 18300-77-7 CAPLUS

Butanota caid, 4-[(13.alpha.,5.beta.)-3-hydroxy-24-oxocholan-

Absolute stereochemistry

L6 ANSWER 25 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN ACCESSION NUMBER: 1991:182667 CAPLUS DOCUMENT NUMBER: 114:182667

AUTHOR(S):

CORPORATE SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE:

ANSWER 25 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

1991:182667 CAPLUS

1UMENT NUMBER: 1991:182667 CAPLUS

114:182667

LE: Specificity of the hepatocyte sodium-dependent taurocholate transporter: influence of side chain length and charge

HOR(5): Hardison, William G. M., Heasley, Victor L., Shellhamer, Dale F.

PORATE SOURCE: Veterans Adm. Hed. Cent., San Diego, CA, 92161, USA Hepatology (Philadelphia, PA, United States) (1991), 13(1), 68-72

CODEN: HPTLD9; ISSN: 0270-9139

JOURNAI TYPE: Journal

IMMAGE: English

Trihydroxy bile acids with differing nonsterol chain length and charge were synthesized to define the effect of these parameters on the ability to inhibit competitively the Na+-dependent uptake of [14C]taurocholate into isolated rat hepatocytes. Compds. with long side chains (.gtoreq.0.8 nm) beyond C-17 of the sterol nucleus and carrying a neg. charge or no charge were potent inhibitors. Introduction of a pos. charge into the side chain weakened inhibition. When the length of the chain beyond C-17 fell below .apprx.0.7 mm, charge still influenced inhibitory potency, but the effect was reversed and pos. charged chains yielded slightly greater inhibition than neg.-charged chains. A pos.-charged cell surface domain extending outward from a point. apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region may be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region may be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region may be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region and be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region and be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region and be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region and be postulated. Up to .apprx.0.7 nm from the sterol nucleus receptor region and be postulated to account for the weaker inhibitory potency of compds. with short neg. charged chains. Nonetheless, a short chain, regardless of charge, weakened inhi

#89311-02-4.
RL: PRP (Properties)
(sodium-dependent taurocholate transport inhibition by and uptake
kinetics of, in hepatocytes, side chain length and charge in relation

to)
89311-02-4 CAPLUS
Butanoic acid, 4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy24-oxocholan-24-y1]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 25 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 26 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:S70606 CAPLUS
111:170606 CA

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

KIND DATE

6 A2 19880625
9 B4 19950301 PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 63152996 A2 19880625 JP 1986-299321 19861216

JP 07016439 B4 19950301

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1986-299321 19861216

AB A method for sepn. and quantitation of bile acids involves: (a)
introducing a sample contg. bile acids, with addn. of a (partial)
hydrolyzate of the condensation product of a free bile acid and an acidic
amino acid ester as internal std., on a separatory column, (b) introducing
the eluate mixed with a test resignt on an immobilized-ensyme column, and
(c) measuring the reaction product in the 2nd eluate. A serum sample with
added internal std. was analyzed by an app. contg. an Enzymepack-HSD
column with a fluorometric detector and a reagent contg. Mi2P04, di-Na
EDTA, Deta.-NAO, 2-mecaptoethanol, and deionized water.

IT 91021-94-2D, hydrolyzates
RI. ANST (Analytical study)
(as internal std., for bile acid enzymic-chromatog. detn.)

NN 91021-94-2 CAPLUS

NL Goldtamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 27 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:95638 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:95638
Ursodeoxycholic acid derivatives and their salts,
useful for therapy of biliary conditions, and a
process for their preparation
Reiner, Alberto
Jago Research A.-G., Switz.
EUR. Pat. Appl., 7 pp.
CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Pat.

Patent English 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PAT	ENT	NO.		KIN	D	DATE	:		API	LIC	ITA	ON N	٥.	DATE	
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ÉP	2724	162		A)	l		0629		EP	198	7-1	1718	4	19871	121
EP	2724	162		B1		1992	0610								
	R:	AT,	BÉ,	CH,	DE,	ES,	FR,	GB, G	R, 1	T,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE	
CH	6743	369		А		1990	0531		CH	198	6-4	729		19861	126
US	486	765		Α		1989	0912		US	198	37-1	2125	7	19871	116
AT	7709	94		E		1992	0615		AT	198	37-1	1718	4	19871	121
ES	2042	2530		T3	3	1993	1216		ES	198	37-1	1718	4	19871	121
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											1171			19871	

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO:: CH 1986-4/29 19861126

THER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 110:95638

AB Title derivs. I [R = CH2SO3M, CO2H: Rl = H, (CH2)2CONH2, CH2CONH2, (CH2)2SMe, CH2SCH2CO2H] and their salts are prepd. for use as biliary therapeutics (no data). A suspension of ursodeoxycholic acid (II) in dioxane at 0-10.degree, was treated with CHCO2Et, and then with a soln. of Et3N in dioxane. The mixt. vas warmed to room temp., treated with an aq. methionine amine salt (e.g., with Et3N), and cooled. The temp. was allowed to rise to 27-29.degree. over 5 h with evolution of CO2 (g). Extn. and pptn. with acid gave I [R = CO2H, Rl = (CH2)2SMe] contg. <0.3% free II.

If 119059-83-5p

RL: SPM (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, as biliary therapeutic)

N 119059-83-5 CAPLUS

CN 1-61utamine, N2-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)-3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:621495 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 105:221495
TITLE: 105:221495
THE ALL TOTAL TOTAL

ANSWER 28 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 29 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:588698 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 1086:588698

TITLE: Effect of bile acid side chain on dissolution of calcium carbonate

AUTHOR(S): Yoneda, Masabil

SCDM. Med., Hirosaki Univ., Hirosaki, Japan

Nippon Shokakibyo Gakkai Zasshi (1986), 83(5), 1063

CODEN: NIPAM: ISSN: 0369-4259

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal

LANGUAGE: Journal

AB The soly. of insol. Ca salts, esp. CaCO3 in artificial bile solns. contg. phospholipids, cholesterol, and various bile acids was studied. The soly. of 100 mg CaCO3 after incubation at 37.degree. for 3 h in 1 mL artificial bile soln. (50 mM, pH 7.5 Tris buffer contg. 25 molt phospholipids and 5 molt cholesterol) contg. 70 molt glycocholate, glycochendeoxycholate, and glutamylchenodeoxycholate (approximate) and glutamylchenodeoxycholate (approximate) and glutamylchenodeoxycholate (approximate) and glutamylchenodeoxycholate (GLUCCCA) was 3.58, 0.68, 6.36, 6.15, 10.84, and 11.10 mg/dl, resp. The study of CaCO3 appeared to be greater in bile contg. GluCCCA and AppCPCA than in bile contg. the other tested bile acids. Apparently, the soly. of CaCO3 in a bile soln. may be influenced by the bile acid side chain present in the bile soln.

IT 95051-20-0

RL: BIOL (Biological study)

(of bile, calcium carbonate soly. in relation to)

RN 95051-20-0 CAPLUS

CN 1-Glutamic acid, N-[(13 alpha., 5.beta., 7.alpha.) - 3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1-[951] (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

Absolute stereochemistry.

LG ANSWER 30 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:183781 CAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:183781

TITLE: Pancreatic carboxypeptidase hydrolysis of bile acid-amino acid conjugates: selective resistance of glycine and taurine amidates

AUTHOR(S): Huijghebaert, S. M., Hofmann, A. F.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Sch. Med., Univ. California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093, USA

SOURCE: Gastroenterology (1986), 90(2), 306-15

COURENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

AB To find a possible explanation for the selective hepatic conjugation of bile acids with glycine or taurine, the N-acyl amidates of cholic acid and a no. of amino acids and amino acid analogs were synthesized, and their susceptibility to hydrolysis by pancreatic juice, gastric juice, serum, or small intestinal mucosal enzymes was neasured. Deconjugation by pure carboxypeptidase A and B was also examd., and hydrolysis by these tissue fluids and enzymes was compared with that mediated by a bacterial cholylelycine hydrolase. Human pancreatic juice efficiently hydrolyzed cholyl-L-valine, cholyl-L-leucine, and cholyl-L-tyrosine), except cholylelycine. The net hourly rate of hydrolysis (in micromoles/mg protein/h) increased when the terminal residue was arom or branched aliph, and appeared to be specific for L-alpha-amino acids and cholyl-L-alanine and cholyl-D-valine were not cleaved. From cholyl glycylelycine, only the terminal glycine was efficiently removed.

Cholylalvine and cholyl conjugates with the Me and Pr analogs of taurine were resistant to hydrolysis. Two basic amino acid conjugates (cholyl-L-lysine and cholyl-L-arginine) were cleaved, whereas conjugates of acidic amino acids (cholyl-aspartate and cholyl-cyteates) were not cleaved. Studies with pure enzymes showed that bovine carboxypeptidase A cholyl-L-lysine and cholyl-L-arginine were cleaved, whereas conjugates of acidic amino acids (cholyl-aspartate and cholyl-cyteates) were not cleaved by abscraila cholyly approxime hydrolase. Thus, glycaine and taurine amidates of cholic acid d

L6 ANSWER 30 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1986:51022 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 104:51022 Chenodeoxycholic acid and ursodeoxycholic acid derivatives
INVENTOR(S): 1Ch, Masaharuu Yamatsu, Isao; Nezu, Masao; Tateyama, Tadashi; Yoshino, Hiroshi; Kajiwara, Shoji
Eisai Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: JOXAR SCO., Ltd., Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent JOXAF
EANGLIAGE: JOXAF
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 60161996 A2 19850923 JP 1984-15244 19840201

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1984-15244 19840201

AB Title compds. I [R = N(CH2CO2H) 2, NHCHRIGO2H, CH(OH) CH2CO2H, CH2OH,

CH(OK) Mer. R1 = (CH2) nCO2H; n = 1, 2] and pharmacol. permissible salts of
 I, useful as gallstone dissolving agents, were prepd. by treating I (R =
 OH) (II) and their acid derivs. with RH (III). Thus, treating
 chenodeoxycholic acid with NH(CH2CO2H) 2 in the presence of NE13 under
 stirring at room temp. for 1 h gave 44% N-chenodeoxycholyl-N carboxymethylglycine (IV). A mixt. of II, alpha.-lecithin, and
 cholesterol (pH 7.4) dissolved CaCO3 by 38.2 mg/dL.

17 95051-20-09 9595-35-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. of, as gallstone dissolving agents)

RN 95051-20-0 CAPLUS

CN L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha., 5.beta., 7.alpha.) -3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan 24-yl-9CI; (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

99956-35-1 CAPLUS L-Glutamic acid, N-{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.beta.)-3,7-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 32 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:109384 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 102:109384 CAPLUS
TITLE: 102:109384 CAPLUS
TOZ:109384 CAPLUS
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TOZ:109384 CAPLUS
OCCIOENT TITLE: 500 CAPLUS COPERITY OF TOZ:109384 CAPLUS
OCCIOENT ACCIOENT ACCI

A2 19841109 B4 19890213 APPLICATION NO. DATE PATENT NO.

Absolute stereochemistry.

95051-21-1 CAPLUS L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,12.alpha.)-3,12-dihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 31 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued)

L6 ANSWER 33 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:420229 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:20229
TITLE: Quantitative determination of bile acids

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp. CODEN: JXXXAF SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent Japanese LANGUAGE:

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

A2 19840324 B4 19900726 PATENT NO. APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 59051349 A2 19840324 JP 1982-162800 19820917
JP 02033360 B4 19900726
PRIORITY APPIN. INFO:: JP 1982-162800 19820917
AB During the sepn. and quant. detn. of bile acids in a biol. sample by liq. chromatog, and chromatog, on a column contp, immobilized enzymes, amino acid conjugates of cholic acid or ursodeomycholic acid are added as internal stds. Thus, Leglutamic acid di-Bt ester was treated with cholic acid to form a conjugate. The method was used in blood anal. A flow chart of a device for the anal. is presented.

IT \$1021-94-29

91021-94-2P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, as internal std. for bile acids detn. by liq. chromatog.)
91021-94-2 CAPLUS
L-Giutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-, diethyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

ANSWER 35 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS ON STN SSION NUMBER: 1981:117377 CAPLUS 94:117377

ACCESSION NUMBER:

DOCUMENT NUMBER: TITLE:

94:117377
Conjugates from ligand analog and irreversible enzyme inhibitor and their use in determining ligands
Voss, Houston Frederick: Plattner, Jacob; Herrin, Thomas Raymond
Abbott Laboratories, USA
Ger. Offen, 68 pp.
CODEN: GWXXEX INVENTOR(S):

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S):

DOCUMENT TYPE: LANGUAGE: Patent

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: PATENT INFORMATION:

	PAT	ENT	NO.	1	KIND	DATE			APP	LICATION NO.	D.	TE	
	DE	3003	3959		A1	1980	0814		DE	1980-3003959	19	800204	
	DE	3003	3959		C2	1982	1223						
	US	4273	3866		A	1981	0616		US	1979-9007	19	790205	
	CA	113	7077		Al	1982	1207		CA	1980-343676	19	800115	
	ΑU	8054	763		A1	1980	0814		ΑU	1980-54763	19	800121	
	ΑU	5285	92		B2	1983	0505						
	ZA	8000	371		Α	1981	0325		ZA	1980-371	19	800122	
	GB	2043	3245		Α	1980	1001		GB	1980-2743	19	800128	
	GB	2043	3245		B2	1983	0525						
	SE	8000	0843		A	1980	0806		SE	1980-843	19	800201	
	SE	4482	259		В	1987	0202						
	SE	4482	259		С	1987	0514						
	JP	5510	14896	i	A2	1980	0811		JP	1980-10117	19	800201	
	ΑT	8000	0560		Α	1981	0615		AΤ	1980-560	19	9800201	
	ΑT	365	781		В	1982	0210						
	NL	8000	0698		A	1980	0807		NL	1980-698	19	9800204	
	FR	244	7966		A1	1980	0829		FR	1980-2385	19	800204	
	FR	244	7966		B1	1984	1019						
	·ES	4882	263-		A1	1980	1216	~ -	E5	1980-488263	19	800204	٠
	CH	6415	569		A	1984	0229		CH	1980-877	19	800204	
	BE	8815	557		A1	1980	0805		BE	1980-199272	19	9800205	
	US	4550	163		A	1985	1029		US	1981-228414	19	810126	,
TO	D T T Y	API	D T N	INFO .				115	197	19_9007	10	790205	

US 4550163 A 1985102 US 1979-9007 1979205

INT APPLM. INFO.: US 1979-9007 1979205

INT APPLM. INFO.: US 1979-9007 1979205

INT apply an antibody to either an antigen (the substance whose quantity is unknown) or a ligand-bound enzyme inhibitor (which will be inactivated when reacted with the antibody. The ligand has structural similarities to the antigen, and the enzyme inhibitor will inactivate the enzyme whose activity is being measured, unless free antibody has reacted with the alligand-inhibitor complex. Therefore, enzyme activity is inversely related to antigen conch. Thus, for the detn. of serum digoxin, to 50-mu.L serum samples contg. 0.1-1.30 m.M. digoxin were added antidigoxin antibodies, N-ethylmaleimide (NEM), compd. I (a digoxin analog-acetylcholinesterase inhibitor conjugate). and N-methylorphenadrine, which is an inhibitor of human serum acetylcholinesterase of Electrophorus electricus, which is used in the assay. The final concns. were: antibody 8.0 times. 10-7M, NEM 1.6 mM, compd. I 4.5 times. 10-7M, and N-methylorphenadrine, apprx.1 mM. The complete solns. were incubated 12 min, and acetylcholinesterase of E. electricus was added to each. After 26 min, an aliquot of each sample was didd. 26 fold with test buffer (0.1 M phosphate-gelatin, pH 7.0) contg. 5 times. 10-5M 5,5'-dithiobis(2-nitrobenzoate) (which reacts with the product of the enzyme reaction, thiocholine), and 1 mM

L6 ANSWER 34 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 184:139568 CAPLUS
100:139568 SAPLUS
110:139568 SAPLUS
100:139568 SYNTHAM SAPLUS
100:139568 SYNTHAM SAPLUS
100:139568 CAPLUS
100:139568 CAPLU

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
By The N-cholyl derivs. of leucine, alanine, D-alanine, .beta.-alanine,
proline, and .gamma.-aminobutyric acid were preed. by condensing cholic
acid with the appropriate amino acid by ClCO2Et. Structure anal. of the
above products were carried out by electron-impact mass spectrometry on
the Me ester/acetate derivs., whereas the purity and mol. wt. of the
products were detd. by fast-atom mass spectrometry on the underivatized
bile salts.

IT 89311-02-49
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation)

89311-02-4P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation): PREP (Preparation)
 (prepn. and fast-atom bombardment mass spectrum of)
89311-02-4 CAPIUS
Butanoto acid, 4-[[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]amino]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 35 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN (Continued) N-methylorphenadrine. The final enzyme concn. was .apprx.2 .times. 10-12M, and the reaction solns. were analyzed spectrometrically at 412 nm after 5-min incubation at 30.degree.. The absorbance changes were inversely related to digoxin concn. 75897-32-4P

75897-32-4P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of, for enzyme inhibition immunoassay)
75897-32-4 CAPLUS
Cholan-24-amide, 3.7,12-trihydroxy-N-(12-methyl-12-oxido-4-oxo-13-oxa-8,11-dithia-5-aza-12-phosphapentadec-1-yl)-, (3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)- (9Cl) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

PAGE 1-B

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of, in glycocholate detn. by enzyme inhibition immunoassay

L6 ANSWER 36 OF 40
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
1910.215738 CAPLUS
92:215738
Bile acid derivatives with antimicrobial activity
Bellini, A. M., Vertuani, G., Quaglio, M. P.,
COMPORATE SOURCE:
15t. Chim. Farm. Tossicol., Univ. Ferrara, Ferrara,
12aly
257.78

Traing Farmaco, Edizione Scientifica (1979), 34(11), 967-78 CODEN: FRPSAX; ISSN: 0430-0920 SOURCE:

DOCUMENT TYPE:

CODEN: FRPSAX; ISSN: 0430-0920

MENT TYPE: Journal
UAGE: Italian
Bile acid amino acid I and II (X = Ala, Ser, Glu, NHCH(CH2CH2NH2)CO, Orn)
and I (X = Arg) were prepd. in 60-80% yield by the mixed anhydride or
active ester methods. I and II were bactericidal against both gram-pos.
and gram-neg, bacteria.
73386-10-49
RL: BAC (Minlocia)

73386-10-4P
RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. and bactericidal activity of)
73386-10-4 CAPLUS

/JJBD-10-4 CAFAUS L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]-, monosodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

23828-78-6P

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 37 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:30035 CAPLUS
BOCUMENT NUMBER: 28:30035
TITLE: Influence of synthetic conjugates of cholic acid on cholesteremia in rats
AUTHOR(S): Story, Jon A., Tepper, Shirley A., Kritchevsky, David
CORPORATE SOURCE: Vistar Inst. Anat. Biol., Philadelphia, PA, USA
JOURNAL TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Document of Nutrition (1974), 104(9), 1185-8
CODEN: JONNAL; ISSN: 0022-3166

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
AB The effects on serum and liver cholesterol levels in rats of 2 naturally occurring conjugates of cholic acid (taurocholic and glycocholic acids) and 4 synthetic conjugates (glutamocholic, aspartocholic, cysteocholic, and cysteinocholic acids) (0.5 the dist), in combination with cholesterol
(0.5 the of diet) were investigated. Hydrolysis of these conjugates by cholylylycine hydrolase (EX 3.5) was war also measured. Cholesterol alone did not cause cholesteremia but when fed with cholic acid or any of its conjugates, except aspartocholica, the animals had significantly higher serum—liver cholesterol pools (15-70t). The aspartocholic acid-fed group had serum and liver cholesterol levels significantly lover than the cholic acid:cholesterol-fed animals but similar to control animals. When the degree of hydrolysis of each of the conjugates by cholyglycine hydrolase was measured, all conjugates were hydrolyzed to a similar extent (77-87t) except aspartocholic (36t) and cysteinocholic acid (421). Apparently there is a realtion between the ability of a cholic acid conjugate to produce elevated serum and cor) liver cholesterol levels in rats and the degree to which it is hydrolyzed by the intestinal microflora.

RM: BIOL (Biological study)
(Cholesteremia in relation to dietary)

RM 23628-78-6 CAPLUS
CN L-Glutamic acid, N-{(3.alpha.,5.alpha.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

ANSWER 36 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN

L6 ANSWER 38 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1971:415115 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 75:15115
Hechanism of removal of histones from chromatin by deoxycholate
AUTHOR(S): Hadler, Stephen C., Smart, John E., Bonner, James
DIV. Biol., California Inst. Technol., Pasadena, CA,
USA
SOURCE: Biochimica et Biophysica Acta (1971), 236(1), 253-8
CODEN: BRACAQ; ISSN: 0006-3002
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: Begitsh
AB Effects of several cholanic acids and their conjugated derivs. on the
selective dissoon. of slightly lysine-rich histones II from chromatin were
studied. The driving force for the interaction between the cholanic acid
anion and histones seems to be the lowering of the activity coeff. of the
cholanic acid anion which occurs when it is partially removed from soln.
by interaction with hydrophobic regions of the pos. charged histones. The
complete sepn. of chromatin and 14C-labeled Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by sucross
sedimentation indicated that the binding of Na deoxycholate by Sucross
RLE BIOL (Biological study)
(histone removal from chromatin by)
RN 32795-01-0 CAPLUS
CN L-Glutamic acid, N-{(3.alpha.,5.beta.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]-, sodium salt (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

L6 ANSWER 39 OF 40 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2003 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 1970:119954 CAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 72:119954

AUTHOR(S): Effects of N-cholyl and N-dehydrocholylamino acids on the experimental liver injuries
AUTHOR SOURCE: Kaneko, Hidehiko, Kadokawa, Toshiaki, Aonuma, Shigeru
Res. Lab., Dainippon Pharm. Co., Ltd., Osaka, Japan
Yakugaku Zasshi (1970), 90(2), 169-75
CODEN: YKKZAJ; ISSN: 0031-6903
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
AB Effects of N-cholyl and N-dehydrocholylamino acids on CCl4 liver injury in rabbits were examd. Dehydrocholylamino acids on CCl4 liver injury in rabbits were examd. Dehydrocholylamino acids on CCl4 liver injury in graphics of the sective effect against this injury. These compds. were protective against fatty infiltration of the liver induced by CCl4, ethionamide, and EtOH. The mode of action of these protective agents is discussed.

IT 23828-78-6
RL: BIOL (Biological study)

23828-78-6
RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(fatty liver prevention by)
23828-78-6 CAPLUS
L-Glutamic acid, N-[3.alpha.,5.alpha.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12-trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-y1]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Absolute stereochemistry.

L6 ANSWER 40 OF 40
ACCESSION NUMBER:
DOCUMENT NUMBER:
TITLE:
INVENTOR(S):
SOURCE:
SOURCE:
SOURCES
ACCESSION NUMBER:
TO Choly1-.alpha.-amino acids
Annuma, Shigeru; Kaneko, Hidehiko
Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
Dainippon Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd.
DAINIPPON FAMBLE SIDEN JAXXAD
Patent
JANGUAGE:
ACC. NUM. COUNT:
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

JP 44016891 B4 19690725 JP 19651026
Cholic acid (4.1 g.) is dissolved in a mixt. of 2.4 ml. NBU3 and 20 ml.
dioxane, 1 ml. Et chlorocarbonate added at 10.degree., the mixt. added to
20 ml. N NaOH contg. 1.8 g. L-tyrosine, stirred 30 min., concd. in vacuo,
the residue dissolved in H2O, and the soln. acidfied with HCl to give 4.2
g. choly1-L-tyrosine, m. 222.degree. (dil. EtOH). Similarly prepd. are
choly1-L-teucine, m. 114.degree. (decompn.), and choly1-L-glutamic acid, m.
98.degree. (decompn.). The products lower the concn. of cholesterol in
blood.
23828-78-6P
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation), PREP (Preparation)
(prepn. of)
23928-78-6C CAPLUS
L-Glutamic acid, N-[(3.alpha.,5.alpha.,7.alpha.,12.alpha.)-3,7,12trihydroxy-24-oxocholan-24-yl]- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

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Connection closed by remote host